

PROBLEM sp-18-Q.1.1:

The sum of two sinusoids is another sinusoid:

$$A \cos(\omega t + \varphi) = \cos(1.5\pi t - 5\pi/4) + 1.6 \cos(1.5\pi(t - 7))$$

- (a) Determine the numerical values of A and φ , as well as ω (give the correct units).

$$\underline{A = 1.139}$$

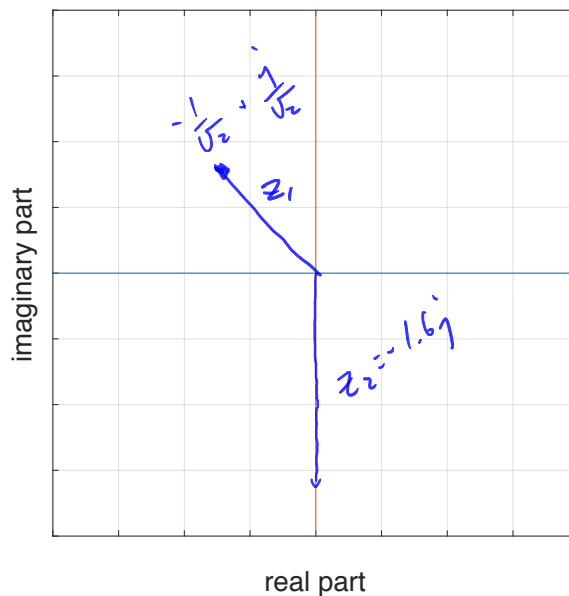
$$z_1 = e^{-j5\pi/4} = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{j}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\underline{\varphi = -0.72\pi \text{ rad}}$$

$$\underline{\omega = 1.5\pi \text{ rad/s}}$$

$$z_2 = 1.6 e^{-j\frac{21\pi}{2}} = 1.6 e^{-j\pi/2} = -1.6j$$

- (b) Make a complex plane plot to illustrate how complex amplitudes (phasors) were combined to solve part (a). Show a vector plot of the two complex amplitudes whose values are given by the sinusoids on the **right** hand side of the equal sign. Use an appropriate scale on the grid below.



(c) The signal $x(t)$ is defined by complex exponentials and complex amplitudes:

$$x(t) = 4e^{j\pi/4}e^{-j25\pi t} + 4e^{-j\pi/4}e^{j25\pi t} + 55e^{j\pi}$$

Write the formula for $x(t)$ as a sum of real-valued sinusoids.

$$x(t) = 8 \left(\frac{e^{j(25\pi t - \pi/4)} + e^{-j(25\pi t - \pi/4)}}{2} \right) - 55$$
$$= 8 \cos(25\pi t - \pi/4) - 55$$

PROBLEM sp-18-Q.1.2:

Each part of this problem is independent of the others.

(a) One or more of the following are solutions to the equation $z^n - A = 0$ for $n > 1$ and $A > 0$.

(i) $z = A^{3/n} e^{j6\pi/n}$	(ii) $z = A^{1/n} e^{-j2\pi/n}$	(iii) $z = A^{1/n}$
(iv) $z = A^{-1/n}$	(v) $z = A^{2/n} e^{j4\pi/n}$	(vi) $z = A^{1/n} e^{j4\pi/n}$

Circle each correct solution (there may be more than one).

$$z = (A e^{j2\pi k})^{1/n} \quad \text{for integer } k$$

$$= A^{1/n} e^{j2\pi k/n}$$

(b) Evaluate the following sum and express it in the form $Ae^{j\theta}$.

$$z = \sum_{k=0}^{10} e^{j(2\pi k/12 + \pi^{-1})}$$

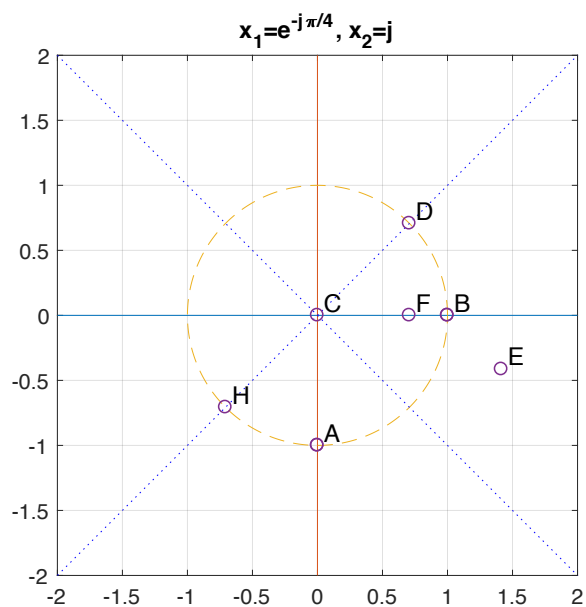
$$z = e^{j/\pi} \left(\sum_{k=0}^{11} e^{j2\pi k/12} - e^{j2\pi \cdot 11/12} \right)$$

$$= e^{j \left(\frac{11\pi}{6} + \pi^{-1} - \pi \right)}$$

$$z = e^{j \left(\frac{5\pi}{6} + \pi^{-1} \right)}$$

(c) Let $z_1 = e^{-j\pi/4}$ and $z_2 = j$. Find the corresponding point in the plot designated by a capital letter for each expression in the table below. (Note that a point may correspond to multiple expressions.)

$z = z_1 z_2$	D
$z = \Re(z_1 z_1^*)$	B
$z = z_1 z_1$	A
$z = 2z_1 + z_2$	E
$z = z_1 z_2 $	B
$z = z_1 / z_2$	H
$z = z_1^* z_2^* / z_1$	B
$z = z_2^*$	A
$z = \Re(z_1 z_2)$	F



PROBLEM sp-18-Q.1.3:Two questions about sinusoids, $A \cos(\omega t + \varphi)$.

(a) The following MATLAB code makes a plot of a sinusoid:

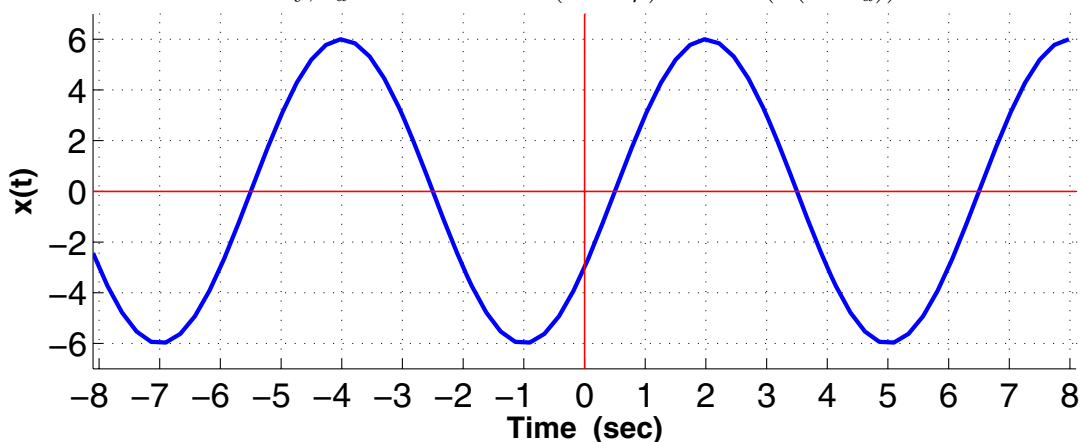
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tt = 0:0.0001:1;
znum = 2*exp(j*5*pi*tt)-2*j*exp(j*5*pi*tt);
zden = exp(-j*5*pi*tt)+j*exp(-j*5*pi*tt);
xx = real(znum./zden);
plot(tt,xx), grid on, shg

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Determine the mathematical formula by giving numerical values for A , φ , and ω (in rad/s).

$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= \underline{2} && \frac{2e^{j5\pi t} - 2je^{j5\pi t}}{e^{-j5\pi t} + je^{-j5\pi t}} \cdot \frac{e^{j5\pi t} - je^{j5\pi t}}{e^{j5\pi t} - je^{j5\pi t}} \\
 \varphi &= \underline{-\pi/2} \\
 \omega &= \underline{10\pi} && = \frac{2e^{j10\pi t} - 2je^{j10\pi t} - 2je^{j10\pi t} - 2e^{j10\pi t}}{1 + j - j + 1} \\
 &&& = -2je^{j10\pi t} \\
 &&& = 2e^{j(10\pi t - \pi/2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

(b) For the sinusoid plotted below, determine its amplitude, phase, and frequency (in rad/s). Also determine the delay, t_d such that $A \cos(\omega t + \varphi) = A \cos(\omega(t - t_d))$.

$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= \underline{6} && T = 6 \Rightarrow \omega = \frac{2\pi}{T} \\
 \varphi &= \underline{-\frac{2\pi}{3} \text{ rad}} && \varphi = -\omega t_d = -\frac{2\pi}{3} \\
 \omega &= \underline{\frac{\pi}{3} \text{ rad/s}} \\
 t_d &= \underline{2 \text{ s}}
 \end{aligned}$$